NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Nazareth Independent School District Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

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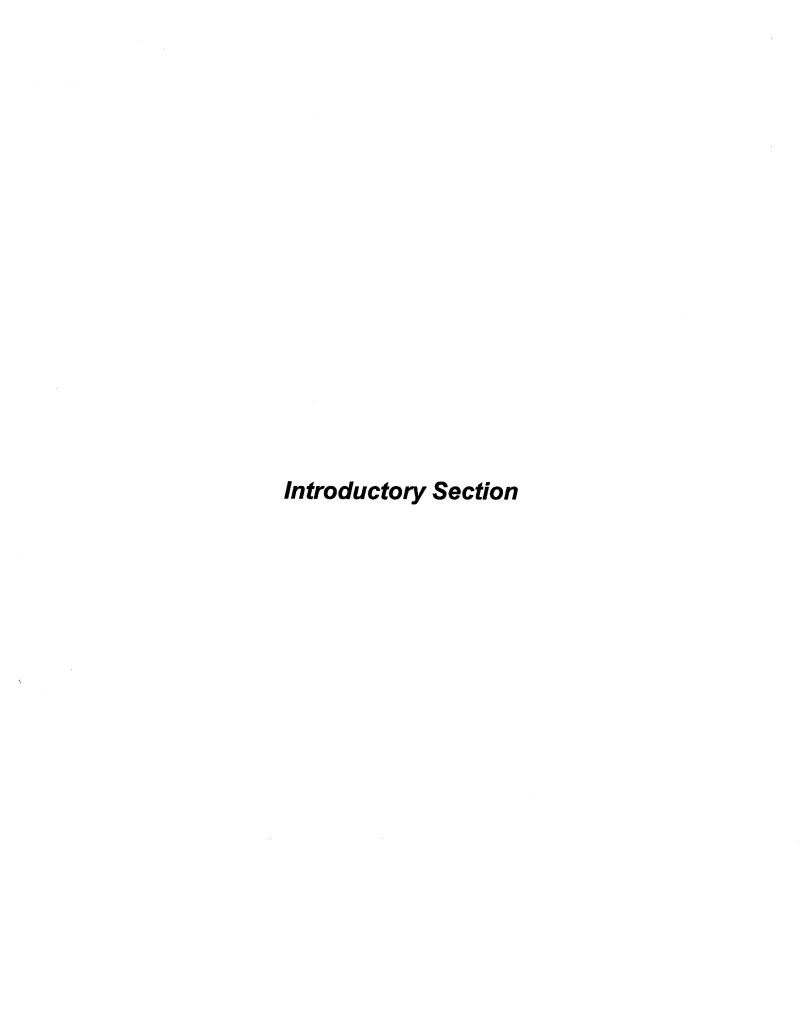
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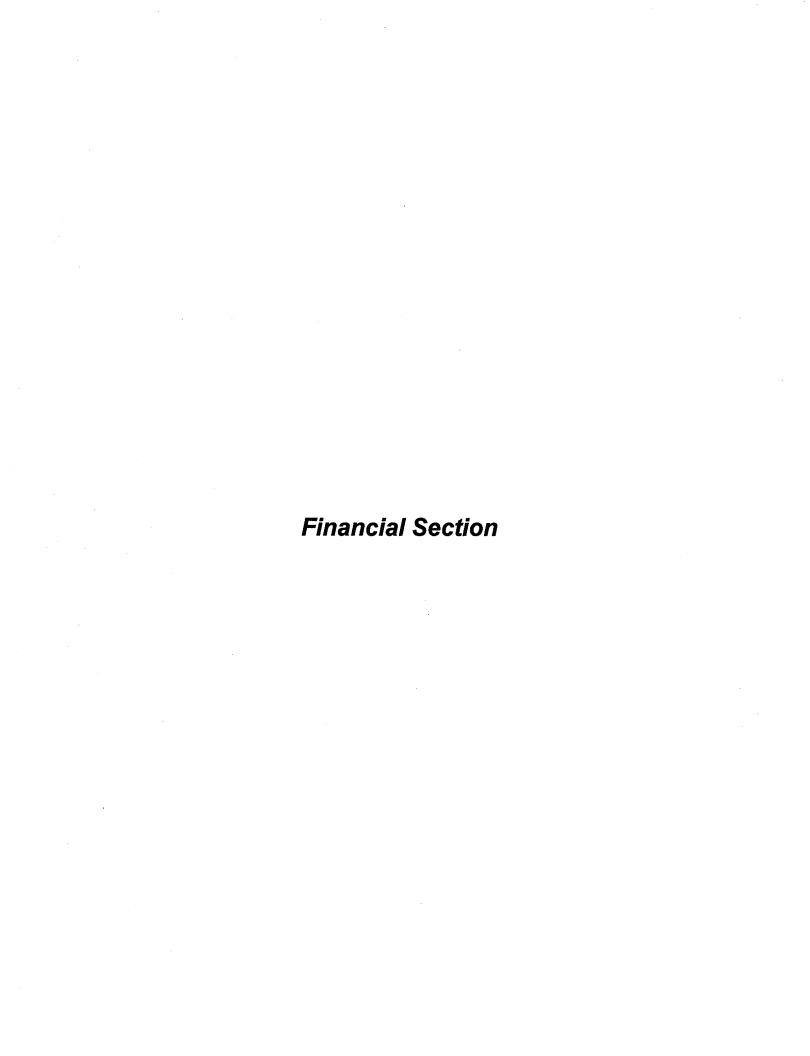
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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Name of School District	Castro County	035-903 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual finance reviewed and (check one) approved discussed a meeting of the Board of the Trustees of such school discussed in the school di	approved for the year en	ded August 31, 2024, at
Signature of Board Secretary	Alan Burker Signature of Board	feld President



STEPHENS, STEPHENS, & TELCHIK, P.C.

MEMBER AICPA

Certified Public Accountants

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S.E. STEPHENS, CPA RAY A. STEPHENS, CPA KEVIN TELCHIK, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

UNMODIFIED OPINIONS ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of School Trustees Nazareth Independent School District Nazareth. Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nazareth Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, the cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-10, budgetary comparison information on page 46, and pension and other post-retirement benefit obligation (OPEB) related information on pages 47-51, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the required TEA schedules are fairly stated, in all material aspects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the audit report. The other information comprises the required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stephens, Stephens, Telchik PC Certified Public Accountants

Lamesa, Texas January 10, 2025

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Nazareth Independent School District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial performance for the year ended August 31, 2024. It should be read in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the financial reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the District increased by \$506,328. The District's statement of activities showed total revenues were \$4,696,889 and expenses totaled \$4,190,561.
- The District ended the year, August 31, 2024, with total net position of 6,257,492, and unrestricted (Net Position) of \$4,193,859. The balance of cash and investments at August 31, 2024, was \$5,721,159.
- Total general fund expenditures were \$3,341,212 for the year ended August 31, 2024. This compares with general fund expenditures of \$3,385,338 for the year ended August 31, 2023. This decrease was mainly due to decreased maintenance, administrative, payroll, and capital outlay costs.
- The District's total revenues on the fund financial statements increased from \$4,143,634 in 2022-23 to \$4,857,059 in 2023-24. This increase was primarily due to increases in state revenue, federal revenue, and property taxes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a whole, and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how the services of the District were sold to departments within the District. The fiduciary statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations and additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements.

The section labeled TEA Required Schedule contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations is presented in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These statements apply the accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is reporting its governmental activities. The District currently has no business type activities as defined in the GASB Statement No. 34.

Governmental activities – All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, cocurricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education through TEA. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

The District's two fund types – governmental, and fiduciary – use different accounting approaches.

• Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds. These uses modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following the fund financial statements.

• Fiduciary fund – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities, The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used only for their intended purpose and by those to whom the assets belong. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Table I Nazareth Independent School District Net Position August 31, 2024 and 2023

		Aug	ust 31	,
	_	2024		2023
Cash and Temporary Investments Capital Assets	\$	5,830,419 1,911,751	\$	5,255,682 2,014,308
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	7,742,170	\$ <u></u>	7,269,990
Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Deferred Outflows	\$ _ \$ _	545,649 545,649	\$ _ \$ _	511,960 511,960
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	264,938 1,176,049	\$	253,358 1,114,201
Total Liabilities	\$_	1,440,987	\$_	1,367,559
Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Deferred Inflows	\$ \$	589,340 589,340	\$_ \$_	663,227 663,227
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,801,751	\$	1,849,308
Restricted for debt service	\$	261,882	\$	176,193
Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$_	4,193,859	\$	3,725,663
Total Net Position	\$	6,257,492	\$_	5,751,164

Changes in Net Position

The District's net position increased during the year ended August 31, 2024. The net position increased by \$297,929 (see Table II). Unrestricted – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased \$101,191 from \$3,826,854 in 2023 to 3,725,663 in 2024. This decrease is mainly related to changes in GASB 68 and GASB 75 amounts.

Table II

Nazareth Independent School District

Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024 and 2023

		August 31,		
		2024		2023
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges For Services	\$	311,651	\$	315,414
Operating Grants and Contributions		754,402		626,763
General Revenues:				
Maintenance and Operations Taxes		607,775		883,460
Debt Service Taxes		99,072		118,631
State Aid-Formula Grants		2,618,855		2,266,431
Investment Earnings		206,947		12,674
Miscellaneous	_	98,187		(180,941
Total Revenues	\$_	4,696,889	\$_	4,042,432
xpenses:				
Instruction, Curriculum and Media Services	\$	2,138,120	\$	1,848,14
School Leadership		327,515		348,75
Student Support Services		203,545		193,57
Food Services		248,676		217,78
Extracurricular Activities		270,096		215,65
General Administration		294,867		237,77
Facilities Maintenance, Security and Data Processing		623,956		604,09
Debt Service-Interest and Other Costs		7,715		9,97
Payment to Fiscal Agent and Other Intergovernmental	_	76,071		68,74
Total Expenses	\$_	4,190,561	\$_	3,744,50
Change In Net Position Before Transfers		506,328		297,92
Net Position At Beginning Of Year	-	5,751,164	_	5,479,13
Prior Period Adjustment				(25,89
Net Position At End Of Year	\$_	6,257,492	\$_	5,751,16

The District's total revenues increased from \$4,042,432 in fiscal year 2023 to \$4,696,889 in fiscal year 2024, an increase of \$654,457. The total expenses of the District increased by \$446,058 from \$3,744,503 to \$4,190,561. Increases in expenses were attributable to increased maintenance, administrative, and transportation costs.

Other factors impacting the District's financial position include the following:

- The District's M & O property tax rate decreased from \$.9769 in 2023 to .8580 in 2024. The District's appraised valuation of taxable property decreased from \$92,589,860 to \$92,162,340, an decrease of \$427,520, or .046%. The total school property taxes assessed for school year 2024 were \$898,214. This is a decrease of \$113.355 from the \$1.011.569 assessed in 2023.
- The District's average daily attendance (ADA) is the basis for most of the State funding received. The ADA went from 226.44 in 2023 to 224.489 in 2024. There was an increase in state revenues due to additional amounts received from the state.

Fund Balances

The District's total Governmental Funds fund balance was \$5,592,844. This fund balance is reported in the various Governmental funds as follows:

General Fund

Unassigned \$3,998,980 – This balance is available for current spending; however, it has been the practice of the District to try and maintain a fund balance that is at least several months operating expenses.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments were necessary to reflect the revised estimates of revenues and expenses. The principal amendments were related to increases in awarded grants and amendments to grants. None of the amendments made were considered to be significant changes.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Financial statement footnote No. D discloses the capital asset activity of the District for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Debt

Financial statement footnote No. F discloses the debt activity of the District for the year ended August 31, 2024.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District began preparations for the 2025 budget, looking not only to the coming 2025 year, but to the future and reviewing the past.

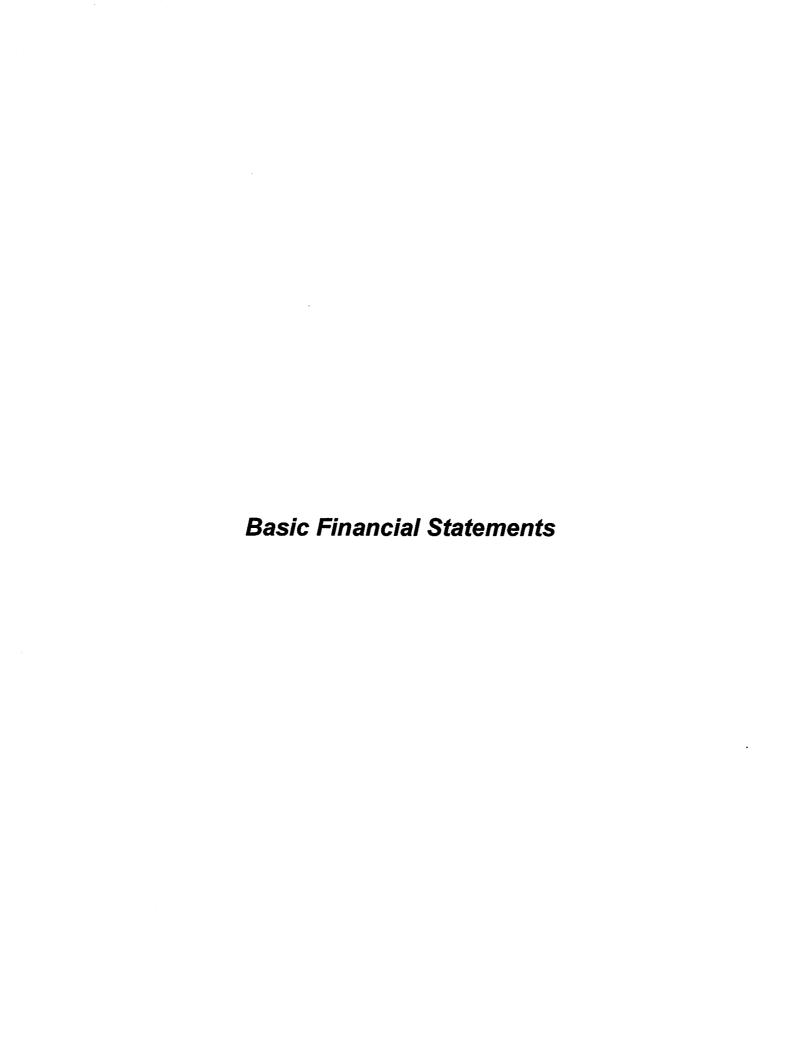
The District's elected appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2025 budget and tax rates. One of those factors is the local economy. The District's population growth decreased modestly during 2023-2024.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2025. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$ 4,109,915. The District will use its revenues to finance programs currently in place. The District has added no programs to the 2025 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain relatively unchanged by the close of 2025. More importantly, however, this will have been accomplished in spite of unfunded mandates.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at Nazareth Independent School District, P.O. Box 189, Nazareth, Texas 79063





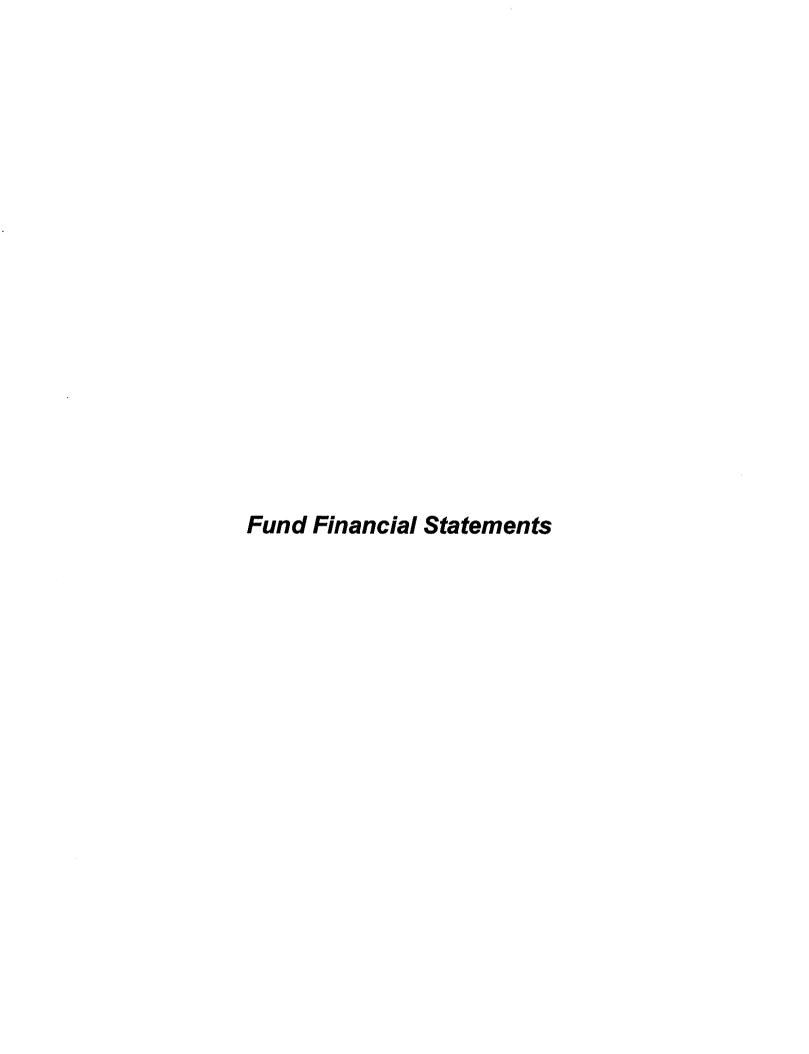
NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2024

Data		Primary Government
Codes		Governmental Activities
ASSE	TS	Activities
1110 1220 1230 1240	Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes Due from Other Governments Capital Assets:	\$ 5,721,159 46,624 (13,987) 76,623
1510 1520 1530	Land Buildings, Net Furniture and Equipment, Net	5,700 1,447,421 458,630
1000	Total Assets	7,742,170
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	335,313 210,336
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	545,649
LIAB	ILITIES	
	Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	21,766 145,376 10,772 27,024
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:	60,000
2502 2540 2545	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc. Net Pension Liability (District's Share) Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	50,000 743,958 382,091
2000	Total Liabilities	1,440,987
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	33,917 555,423
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	589,340
NET	POSITION	
3200 3850 3900	Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted	1,801,751 261,882 4,193,859
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 6,257,492

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program F	Revenues	,	Position
Control		1		3	4		6
Codes					Operating	_	Primary Gov.
33-10		_		Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	2,082,779	\$	195,241	\$ 297,959	\$	(1,589,579)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		45,310		-	2,001		(43,309)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developme	ent	10,031		-	5,340		(4,691)
21 Instructional Leadership		157,406		-	143,240		(14,166)
23 School Leadership		170,109		-	9,897		(160,212)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Service	es	47,733		-	4,498		(43,235)
33 Health Services		12,185		-	-		(12,185)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		143,627		•	608		(143,019)
35 Food Services		248,676		92,820	159,170		3,314
36 Extracurricular Activities		270,096		14,040	92,541		(163,515)
41 General Administration		294,867			9,138		(285,729)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 52 Security and Monitoring Services		558,980		9,550	22,260		(527,170)
see and the month of the see		17,411		-	7,750		(9,661)
3		47,565		-	-		(47,565)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt 73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		6,875 840		-	-		(6,875)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arranger	mants	52,151		-	•		(840)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	inents	23,920		-	-		(52,151)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u> </u>	4,190,561	<u> </u>	311,651	\$ 754,402		(23,920)
	J ==	4,190,301	. 	311,031	3 /34,402		(3,124,308)
Data Control							
Codes	General Rever	nues:					
MT	Taxes:	. Tausa I audad	£ (Company I December	_		(07.775
DT		Taxes, Levied Taxes, Levied		General Purpose	S		607,775
SF		Formula Grant		Jedi Service			99,072 2,618,855
IE	Investmen		3				2,016,633
MI		-	nter	mediate Revenu	p.		98,187
TR		al Revenues		mediate Revent	•		3,630,836
	i otal Geller					_	
CN		Change in 1	Net F	osition			506,328
	Net Position -					_	5,751,164
NE 1	Net Position -	Ending				<u>\$</u>	6,257,492



NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

Data		10			Total
Contr	ol	General		Other	Governmental
Codes		Fund		Funds	Funds
	ASSETS				3.03
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,387,260	\$	333,899 \$	5,721,159
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	40,750		5,874	46,624
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(12,225))	(1,762)	(13,987)
1240	Due from Other Governments	64,619		12,004	76,623
1260	Due from Other Funds	 9,383		4,756	14,139
1000	Total Assets	\$ 5,489,787	\$	354,771	5,844,558
	LIABILITIES	 			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 21,191	\$	575 \$	21,766
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	136,355		9,021	145,376
2170	Due to Other Funds	4,756		9,383	14,139
2200	Accrued Expenditures	10,251		521	10,772
2300	Unearned Revenue	 7,550		19,474	27,024
2000	Total Liabilities	180,103		38,974	219,077
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	28,525		4,112	32,637
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,525		4,112	32,637
	FUND BALANCES				
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-		261,882	261,882
	Committed Fund Balance:				
3510	Construction	600,000		-	600,000
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment	300,000		-	300,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	382,179		<u>-</u>	382,179
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	 3,998,980		49,803	4,048,783
3000	Total Fund Balances	 5,281,159		311,685	5,592,844
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 5,489,787	\$	354,771 \$	5,844,558

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

EXHIBIT C-2

AUGUST 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,592,844
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$6,075,945 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$4,061,637). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	1,849,308
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2023 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	176,584
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$335,313, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$33,917, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$743,958. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(442,562)
4 The District participates in the TRS-Care plan for retirees through TRS. Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability reuired by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$210,336, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$555,423, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$382,091. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(727,178)
5 The 2024 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(224,141)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	32,637
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,257,492

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

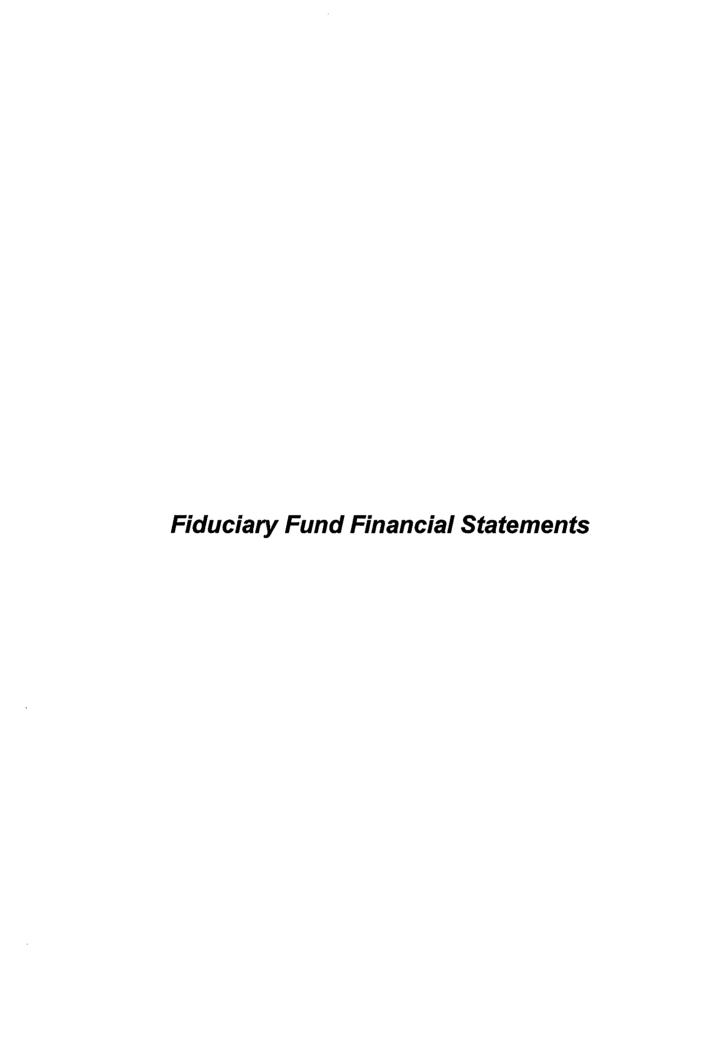
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data		10			Total
Control		General	Other	G	overnmental
Codes		Fund Funds			Funds
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,264,375		\$	1,740,100
5800 State Program Revenues		2,788,330	24,867		2,813,197
5900 Federal Program Revenues		3,381	300,380		303,761
5020 Total Revenues		4,056,086	800,972		4,857,058
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		1,754,060	248,595		2,002,655
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		45,382	-		45,382
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		4,691	5,340		10,031
0021 Instructional Leadership		17,747	138,778		156,525
0023 School Leadership		168,134	1,588		169,722
O031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		46,215	1,560		47,775
0033 Health Services		12,185	-		12,185
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		71,769	246 706		71,769
0035 Food Services		276 562	246,706		246,706
0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration		276,562 280,971	81,195		357,757 280,971
		530,044	8,618		538,662
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services		9,816	7,600		17,416
0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services		47,565	7,000		47,565
Debt Service:		47,505			47,505
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		•	55,000		55,000
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		-	6,875		6,875
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Intergovernmental:		-	840		840
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		52,151	-		52,151
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		23,920			23,920
6030 Total Expenditures		3,341,212	802,695		4,143,907
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		714,874	(1,723)		713,151
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		-	97,398		97,398
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		(97,398)	-		(97,398)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(97,398)	97,398		-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		617,476	95,675		713,151
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		4,663,683	216,010		4,879,693
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	5,281,159	\$ 311,685	\$	5,592,844
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			_	, -,-

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT C-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 713,151
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2024 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	176,584
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(224,141)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(144,994)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$62,488. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$55,672. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$89,109. The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.	(82,293)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$16,171. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$14,972. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$66,822. The net result is a increase in the change in net position.	68,021
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 506,328



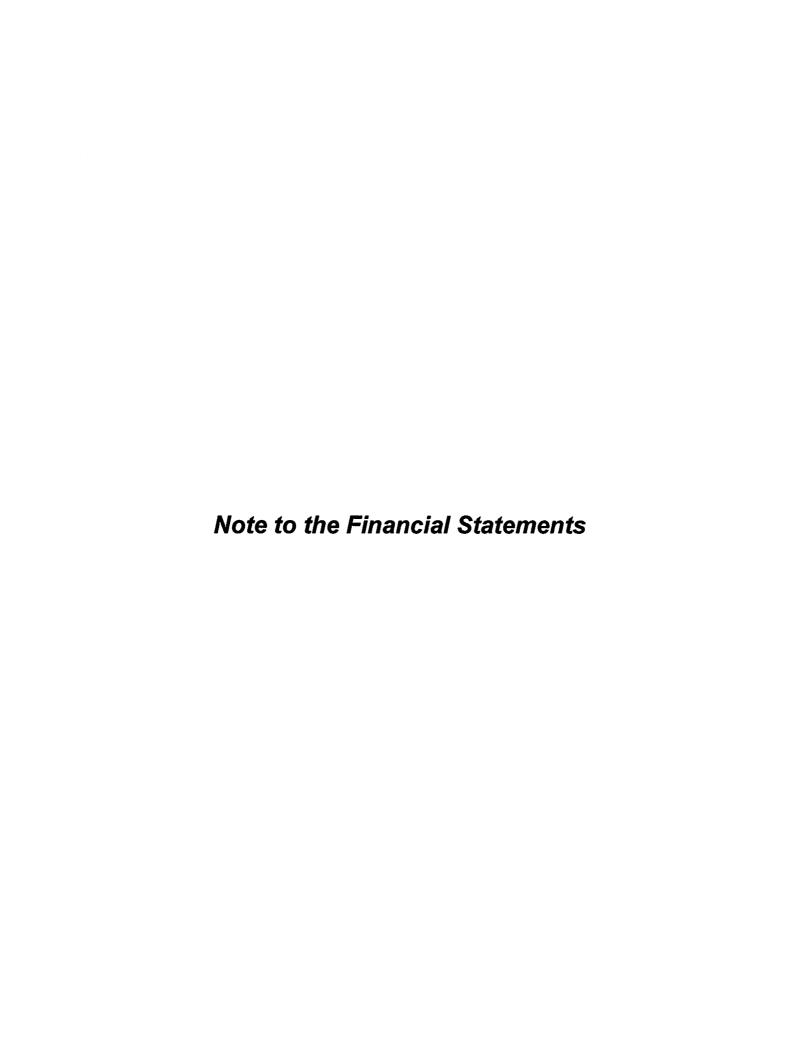
NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds	\$ 38,993	\$	157,288 16,758	
Total Assets	38,993	\$	174,046	
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Funds	-		21,216	
Total Liabilities		_	21,216	
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Other Purposes Unrestricted Net Position	38,993		- 152,830	
Total Net Position	\$ 38,993	\$	152,830	

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS:				
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student Activities	\$	-	\$	120,242
Total Additions		•		120,242
DEDUCTIONS:				
Other Deductions		-		107,282
Total Deductions		-		107,282
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		-		12,960
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)		38,993		139,870
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$	38,993	\$	152,830



A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nazareth Independent School District (the "District") is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District.

The basic financial statements of Nazareth Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and there are not component units included within the reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and unassigned fund balances are considered resources available for current operations.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is a scholarship fund, annual scholarships to be awarded to past students of the District in accordance with donor stipulations.

Debt Service Fund - The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term obligation debt of governmental funds in the Debt Service Fund.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Custodial Funds - The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. These funds are used to account for activities of student groups. Student activity organizations exist with the explicit approval from the Board and are subject to revocation.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions

under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Fiduciary Funds- Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net position.

3. Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

There were no outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget because all encumbrances were liquidated by satisfactory receipt or acceptance of invoiced goods or services and had become payables or liabilities of the District at August 31, 2024.

4. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipts of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the close of the school's fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible taxes receivable within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>		
Buildings	20-40		
Building Improvements	20-40		
Vehicles	5-12		
Office Equipment	5-10		
Computer Equipment	5-7		

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to September 1, 2001.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

d. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

e. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Any Transfers in and Transfers out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, any interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of government-wide statement of net assets.

f. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as committed, assigned, and unassigned.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. Nonspendable Not in spendable form, such as inventory, long-term receivables, etc.
- 2. **Restricted** Amounts constrained to be used for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, and enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's School Board (the District's highest level of decision-making authority). Action to constrain resources should occur prior to year end, to report such constraints in the balance sheet of the respective period, even though the amount may be determined subsequent to fiscal year end. A commitment can only be modified or removed by the same formal action.
- 4. **Assigned** Amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by the District's School Board or an official authorized by the District's School Board (the District's highest level of decision-making authority).

5. **Unassigned** - Residual amount available for any purpose.

The District does not currently have a minimum fund balance policy in effect. The Board of Trustees will utilize funds in the following spending order in circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

j. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

k. New Financial Accounting Standards - Change in Accounting Principle

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013, the District implemented two statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) this year - No. 63 (Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position) and No. 65 (Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities). These two statements:

- Classified items that are a consumption of <u>net assets</u> applicable to a future reporting period as deferred resource outflows;
- Classified items that are an acquisition of <u>net assets</u> applicable to a future reporting period as deferred resource inflows;
- Renames all "Statements of Net Assets" "Statements of Net Positions";
- Required all bond issuance costs to be recorded as expenses in the year the bonds were issued:

- Reclassified the effect of accounting changes adopted to conform to the provisions
 of Statement No. 63 retroactively in statements of net position and balance sheets,
 if practical, for all prior periods presented. In the period Statement No. 63 is first
 applied, the financial statements should disclose the nature of any reclassification
 and its effect;
- Required reasons for not reclassifying statements of net position ans balance sheet information for prior periods presented to be explained.

The effect of these two statements on the District's 2024 annual financial statements was:

To record uncollected property taxes deferred resource inflows:

Deferred Resource Inflows "Unavailable revenues- property taxes"

\$32.637

I. Other Accounting Policies

- 1. The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures. If a material amount of supplies are on hand at the end of the year, their total cost is recorded as inventory and a portion of fund balance is reported as nonspendable for the same amount accordingly. At August 31, 2021, the amount of supplies on hand was not material.
- 2. Employees of the District are entitled to paid vacation and paid sick days depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. No payments are made to an employee for unused sick leave or vacation upon separation from employment. It is impractical to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences, and accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The District's policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.
- 3. The District administers endowed scholarship funds. The net position of these funds is restricted to payments of future scholarships and are reported as private-purpose trust funds on the District's financial statements.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation
None reported

Action Taken
Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund NameAmountRemarksNone reportedNot applicableNot applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2024, the amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$5,721,158. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2024, and during the year ended August 31, 2024, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a. Depository: Peoples Bank
- b. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$6,333,099.
- c. The highest combined balances of cash, savings and time deposit accounts amounted to \$6,420,187 and occurred on March 27, 2024.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$500,000.

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits</u> - State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> - The District has no policy regarding foreign currency risk since it has investments or deposits denominated in a foreign currency.

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. Agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial

compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District has adopted a policy which limits its investments to certificates of deposit which are secured by FDIC coverage and securities pledged as collateral in the District's name.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u> - To limit the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party to a transaction a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party, the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. All of the pledged securities covering the District's investments are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer, the District limits investments to certificates of deposit through a financial institution.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires its investment officer to diversify the District's investment portfolio to include both maturities of one year and less than one year.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments</u> - The District has no policy regarding foreign currency risk since it has no investments or deposits denominated in a foreign currency.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Land Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	\$ 5,700 4,845,590 1,224,655	\$ -0- 10,094 <u>111,490</u>	\$ -0- - 	\$ 5,700 4,855,684 1,336,145
Total Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$ 6,075,945	<u>\$ 121,584</u>	\$ -0-	\$ 6,197,529
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	\$ 3,257,986 803,651	\$ 150,277 73,864	\$ -0- 	\$3,408,263 <u>877,515</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 4,061,637</u>	<u>\$ 224,141</u>	\$ -0-	<u>\$4,285,778</u>
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 2,014,308</u>			<u>\$1,911,751</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$82,210
Student (pupil) transportation	71,880
Food services	11,982
Extracurricular activities	18,681
General administration	13,646
Plant maintenance and operations	25,742
Total depreciation expense	\$ 224,141

E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at August 31, 2024 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Due from Other Funds		-	Oue to er Funds
General Fund				
Special Revenue Funds	\$	9,383		-
Debt & Service	-		\$	4,756
Special Revenue Funds		-		
General Fund			\$	9,383
Debt & Service				4,756
General Fund	\$	4,756		-
	\$	14,139	\$	14,139

Transfers in the amount of \$97,398 were used to move cash from the General Fund to the Child Nutrition Program to assist with payment of expenditures.

F. Bonds Payable and Long-Term Liabilities

The District accounts for bonded indebtedness in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The interest rate payable on the Series 2003 School Building Bonds ranged from 4.3% to 5%. The proceeds from the bonds were used for the construction of a new physical education facility, renovations to the campus buildings, update of equipment and to pay professional fees related to the costs of issuance of the bonds. A summary of changes in bond indebtedness for the year ended August 31, 2024. Is as follows:

	Original Amount Borrowed	Payable Amounts Outstanding 9/1/23	Additions	Retired	Payable Amounts Outstanding 8/31/24	Due Within One Year
School Building Bonds Series 2003	\$420,000	\$165,000	\$ - 0 -	\$55,000	\$110,000	\$60,000
Total		<u>\$165,000</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$55,000</u>	<u>\$110,000</u>	<u>\$60,000</u>

The general obligation bonds mature serially through 2028 as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	R	Total equirements
2025	\$ 60,000	\$4,000	\$	64,000
2026	-	2,500		2,500
2027	•	2,500		2,500
2028	50,000	1,250		51,250
Total	\$110,000	\$10,250	\$	120,250

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

H. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is associated with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned revenues consisted of debt allotment in the amount of \$19,474 and Tuition in the amount of \$7,550.

I. School District Retiree Health Plan

1. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

2. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.0% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% For the years ended August 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, the State's contributions (in thousands) to TRS-Care were \$404,083, \$393,951, and \$370,376, respectively, the active member contributions (in thousands) were \$290,205, \$277,468, and \$263,328, respectively.

J. Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District participated in the TRS-Active Care Program administered by the Teacher Retirement System. The District contributed \$225 of the employee-only premium per month, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents. Under this plan, the District is not liable for costs incurred beyond the premiums paid.

Additionally, payments made on behalf of the District by the State for Medicare Part D fringe benefits and salaries amounted to \$10,524, \$10,470, and \$7,431 for the years ended August 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 respectively.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to being audited and adjusted by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing and respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the financial statements.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2024.

L. Shared Services Arrangement - Fiscal Agent

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for Special Education and Alternative Education with Hart ISD.

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Service Arrangement ("SSA") which provides special education and pre-school special education programs for member districts. All services are provided by the fiscal agent, including the grant application process and administrative duties. The SSA receives funding from the TEA to cover expenditures of the SSA. Grant funds received that benefit only a specific District's special education population are accounted for as disbursements to member districts, which are then reported by the member districts in Funds 224 and 225 on their financial statements. According to the guidance provided in the Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the services provided by the fiscal agent in Special Revenue Funds 313 and 314. The District received a direct payment from SSA in the amount of \$101,875 during the year ended August 31, 2024.

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides speech therapy, a diagnostician and administrative support services for special education to member districts. In addition to the District, the other member district includes Hart ISD. All services are provided by the fiscal agent and the member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in Special Revenue Fund No. 437, Shared Services Arrangements - Special Education and is accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Total expenditures of the SSA for the year ending August 31, 2024 totaled \$154,454.

M. Local and Intermediate Revenues

During the year, local and intermediate revenues consisted of the following:

		Revenue
Revenue Description	Fund	_Amount_
Property Taxes	General	\$ 878,169
Property Taxes	Debt	130,052
Penalties, Interest, and Other Tax Income	General	3,778
Penalties, Interest, and Other Tax Income	Debt	569
Rent Income	General	9,550
Food Sales	Special	92,820
Investment Income	General	197,787
Investment income	Debt	9,160
Athletic Activities	General	14,039
Tuition and Fees	General	57,150
Foundations and Bequest	General	21,896
Miscellaneous and Local Revenue	General	325,130
Total		\$1,740,100

N. Budgetary Control

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund, which is included within the Governmental Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The following procedures are

followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
- 4. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board of Education. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The budgets for the General Fund and Food Service Special Revenue Fund must be filed with the Texas Education Agency on a designated date through the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS).

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results. The General Fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results.

O. Due from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. The District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of August 31, 2024 are:

Government	Fund	Amount		Description
Texas Education Agency	General	\$	64,619	FSP Allotment
Texas Education Agency	Special		100	SSA - Idea Part B
Texas Education Agency	Special		2,521	School Lunch
Texas Education Agency	Special		3,688	ESEA Title V, Part B
Texas Education Agency	Special		5,695	Safety & Security
	<u>Total</u>	\$	76,623	

P. Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes

Unavailable revenue for property taxes in the governmental funds at year end consisted of the following:

		Debt	
	General Fund	Service Fund	Total
Net Tax Revenue	\$ 28,525	\$ 4,112	\$ 32,637
Total Unavailable Reven	ue <u>\$ 28,525</u>	\$ 4,112	\$ 32,637

Q. Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in West Texas Educational Insurance Association (the "Fund") which was administered by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's workers' compensation program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code, All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members and their injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of \$1,000,000. For the year ended August 31, 2024, the Fund purchased excess coverage from a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. The amount the District is estimated to be liable for the 2023-2024 fiscal year is \$7,402, which is included in accrued expenditures on the governmental funds balance sheet. The District paid a fixed costs of \$4,410 during FYE 8-31-24, for excess insurance, claims administration, and safety and loss control. The District's ultimate liability is the sum of loss funds for each policy year since being accepted into West Texas Educational Insurance.

R. <u>Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District currently has two items which qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in the category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

S. Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated events occurring after August 31, 2024, and through January 10, 2025, that date on which financial statements were available to be issued, for additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing financial statements. There are no subsequent events that have not been previously mentioned.

T. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

Nazareth Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The Pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2023 and 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2023 and 2022:

Net Pension Liability		2023		2022
Total Pension Liability	\$	255,860,886,500	\$	243,553,045,455
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	(187,170,535,558)		(184,185,617,196)
Net Pension Liability	\$ _	68,690,350,942	_ \$	59,367,428,259
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability		73.15%		75.62%

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLA). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code, Title 8, section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS's unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the Legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as supplemental payment to the retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 with the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the State, participating employers, and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Employee contribution rates are set in the state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal years 2023 and 2024, and the contributions by type reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the measurement year (TRS FY 2023). These are included in the calculation of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contribution Rates

Member Non- Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers	2023 8.00% 8.00% 8.00%		2024 8.25% 8.25% 8.25%
Nazareth ISD 2023 Employer Contributions Nazareth ISD 2023 Member Contributions 2023 Measurement NECE On-Behalf Contrib	outions	\$ 62,488 \$ 170,838 \$ 124,87	3

The actual contributions during the District's 2024 fiscal year were \$62,488 for the District and \$170,836 made by the plan members employed by the District.

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers, including public schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members

entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.

- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source, from non-education and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional education service centers must contribute 1.8% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025. The surcharge for fiscal year 2023 is 1.8%.
- When employing a retiree of the TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions

Roll Forward-The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2023.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumption were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has the sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four-year period ending August 31, 2021 and were adopted in July 2022.

The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale (U-MP). The active mortality rates were based on the published PUB(2010) Mortality Tables for Teachers, below median, also with full generational mortality.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected the future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to the measurement period:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Single Discount Rate 7.00%

Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Municipal Bond Rates as of August 2022 4.13% *

Last year ending August 31 in

Projection Period (100 years) 2122

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the contributions from active members, employers, and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2024 gradually increasing to 9.56% in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

^{* -} Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Asset Class	Target Allocation % <i>(b)</i>	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return <i>(c)</i>	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.70%
Private Equity (a)	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Absolute Return (a)	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources, and Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	4.40%	0.00%
Risk Party			
Risk Party	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage Cash			
Cash	2.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	4.40%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Volatility Drag (d)			-0.90%
Expected Return	100.00%		8.00%

⁽a) - Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments

⁽b) - Target allocations are based on the FY 2023 policy model

⁽c) - Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2023)

⁽d) - The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)	
Nazareth ISD's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability	\$	1,112,259	\$	743,958	\$	437,716

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense

At August 31, 2024, Nazareth Independent School District reported a liability of \$743,958 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Nazareth Independent School District. The amount recognized by Nazareth Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Nazareth Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 743,958
State's Proportionate Share that is Associated with the District	 <u>1,668,761</u>
Total	\$ 2,412,719

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0010830608% which was a increase of .0000650327% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, Nazareth Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$396,749 and revenue of \$251,968 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

Changes since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a COLA to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which was paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not

reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings Changes in Proportion and Difference between the Employer's	\$ 26,507 70,364 108,264	\$ 9,009 17,220 -
Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to Measurement Date Total	67,690 <u>62,488</u> <u>\$ 335,313</u>	7,688 - \$ 33,917

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31	<u>Pen</u>	sion Expense Amount
2025	\$	53,146
2026		36,266
2027		105,078
2028		38,157
2029		6,262
Thereafter		-

U. <u>Commitments Under Lease Agreements</u>

Management of the District evaluated all lease agreements currently in place and made the determination that at the present time, the implementation of GASB 87 would not have a material impact on the District's financial statements; consequently, GASB 87 was not implemented for the District's fiscal year ending August 31, 2023. Management will continue to assess the impact that GASB 87 may have on the District's financial statements in the future, and if determined to be material, the provisions of the statement will be implemented at that time.

V. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan</u>

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2023, and 2022 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability		2023	 2022
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	26,028,070,267 (3,889,765,203)	\$ 27,061,942,520 (3,117,937,218)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	22,138,305,064	\$ 23,944,005,302
Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		14.94%	11.52%

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The General Appropriations ACT passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS-Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th Legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures. This amount is estimated at \$336,000,000 as of August 31, 2023.

The premium rates for retirees are presented below:

V. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (Continued)</u>

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates

	Medicare	-	Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse	529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468		408
Retiree and Family	1,020		999

<u>Contributions</u> - Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS- Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023. The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal year 2023 and 2024, and the contributions by type reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the measurement year (TRS FY 2023). These are included in the calculation of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

	Contrib	oution	n Rates
	2023		2024
Active Employee Member	0.65%		0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%
Employers	0.75%		0.75%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%
Nazareth ISD 2023 Employer Contributions		\$	16,171
Nazareth ISD 2023 Member Contributions		\$	13,460
Nazareth ISD 2023 NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$	18,066

The actual contribution made by the District during their 2024 fiscal year were \$16,171 for the District and \$13,460 made by the plan members employed by the District.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

V. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (Continued)</u>

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022, TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability
General Inflation
Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 4.13% as of August 31, 2023
Aging Factors Based on Plan Specific Experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age- adjusted claims costs

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit None

Changes

The election rate for normal retirement were 62% participation rate prior to age 65 and 25% participation rate after age 65. For pre-65 retirees, it is assumed that 30% will discontinue coverage at age 65.

The initial medical trend rates were 7.75% for Medicare retirees and 7.00% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 7.75% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decreased to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was an increase a change of 0.22% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

V. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan</u> (Continued)

The source of municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023, using the fixed-income Market Date/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally-tax exempt municipal bonds.

<u>Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis</u> - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% point lower and 1% point higher than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	% Decrease in count Rate (3.13%)	1	Discount Rate (4.13%)		% Increase in ount Rate (5.13%)
NISD's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 450,024	\$	382,091	 \$	326,657

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that this is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
NISD's Proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$314,633</u>	\$382,091	<u>\$468,877</u>

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs - At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$382,091 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total	\$ 843,143
State's Proportionate Share that is Associated with the District	461,052
District's proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 382,091

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was .0017259292% which was an increase of .0000560987% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(150,413) and revenue of \$(98,563) for support provided by the State.

V. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (Continued)</u>

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

This discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	red Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$ 17,287 52,153	\$ 321,458 233,965
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	165	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between the Employer's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	124,560	-
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	16,171	-
Total as fiscal year end	\$ 210,336	\$ 555,423

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	(Benefit) OPEB Expen	se
2025	\$ (83,6	52)
2026	(66,1	27)
2027	(42,4	01)
2028	(54,8	86)
2029	(45,6	85)
Thereafter	(68,5	07)

Required Supplementary Information

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
Codes	Original Final				Positive or (Negative)				
REVENUES:									
 Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues 	\$ 	911,230 2,616,620 25,000	\$	1,211,230 2,616,620 25,000	\$ 	1,264,375 2,788,330 3,381	\$ 	53,145 171,710 (21,619)	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		3,552,850		3,852,850		4,056,086		203,236	
Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services Capital Outlay:		1,605,477 40,640 6,380 4,000 247,336 46,246 17,190 102,285 321,254 284,197 520,087 32,839 61,700		1,781,777 48,140 6,380 19,000 186,036 51,246 17,190 102,285 356,254 284,197 570,087 32,839 61,700		1,754,060 45,382 4,691 17,747 168,134 46,215 12,185 71,769 276,562 280,971 530,044 9,816 47,565		27,717 2,758 1,689 1,253 17,902 5,031 5,005 30,516 79,692 3,226 40,043 23,023 14,135	
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		37,500		37,500		•		37,500	
Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSOther Intergovernmental Charges	SA	58,500 32,000		58,500 32,000		52,151 23,920		6,349 8,080	
6030 Total Expenditures		3,417,631		3,645,131		3,341,212		303,919	
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		135,219		207,719		714,874		507,155	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 8911 Transfers Out (Use)		(68,801)		(115,726)		(97,398)		18,328	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		66,418		91,993		617,476	· · ·	525,483	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		4,663,683	,	4,663,683		4,663,683		-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	4,730,101	\$	4,755,676	\$	5,281,159	\$	525,483	

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,																			
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	_	2018		2017		2016	_	2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	O	.0010830608%	ı	0.0010180281%	(0.0009199465%		0.0008738915%		0.0009217683%	(0.0008702049%	(.0008720283%	C	0.0008075214%	o	0.0009499000%	C	0.0003483000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	s	743.958	s	604,377	s	234,278	S	468,038	\$	479,164	s	478,982	s	278,828	\$	305,150	s	335,777	s	93,036
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	_	1,668,761		1,436,638		626,092	_	1,296,750		1,117,872		1,224,643		723,756		997,186		952,103		778,440
Total	<u>s</u>	2,412,719	<u>\$</u>	2,041,015	\$	860,370	<u>_</u>	1,764,788	_\$_	1,597,036	<u>\$</u>	1,703,625	<u>\$</u>	1,002,584	<u> </u>	1,302,336	s	1,287,880	<u>s</u>	871,476
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,927,832	s	1,767,214	\$	1,617,157	s	1,540,716	s	1,344,738	s	1,295,028	\$	1,257,491	s	1,321,761	\$	1,320,010	s	1,209,901
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		38.59%		34.20%		14.49%		30.38%		35.63%		36.99%		22.17%		23.09%		25.44%		7.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability		73.15%		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

										Fiscal	Yea	r Ended Augu	ıst 3	•						
		2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	s	62,488	s	55,672	s	47,504	s	39,258	\$	36,650	\$	33,048	s	29,591	s	28,580	s	25,731	\$	27,940
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	_	(62,488)	_	(55,672)		(47,504)	_	(39,258)		(36,650)	_	(33,048)		(29,591)	_	(28,580)	_	(25,731)	_	(27,940)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>s</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	.	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>	•
District's Covered Payroll	s	2,070,641	s	1,927,832	s	1,767,214	s	1,617,157	s	1,540,716	s	1,344,738	s	1,295,028	s	1,257,491	s	1,321,761	s	1,320,010
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		3.02%		2.89%		2.69%		2.43%		2.38%		2.46%		2.28%		2.27%		1.95%		2.12%

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,													
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	_	2018		2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0	017259292%	0.00	016698305%	0.00	016122072%	0.0	015780128%	0.0	014795909%	0.0	014613172%	0.0	013833400%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	382,091	\$	399,824	\$	621,900	\$	599,874	\$	699,717	\$	729,649	\$	601,563
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District		461,052		487,723		833,208		806,087		929,767		1,147,314		1,023,180
Total	_\$	843,143	<u>\$</u>	887,547		1,455,108		1,405,961		1,629,484		1,876,963	\$	1,624,743
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,927,832	\$	1,767,214	\$	1,617,157	\$	1,540,716	\$	1,344,738	\$	1,295,028	\$	1,257,491
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		19.82%		22.62%		38.46%		38.93%		52.03%		56.34%		47.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability		14.94%		11.52%		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,													
	_	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	_	2019		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	16,171	\$	14,972	\$	13,715	\$	12,595	\$	11,994	\$	10,543	\$	10,081
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		(16,171)		(14,972)		(13,715)		(12,595)		(11,994)		(10,543)		(10,081)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	<u>.</u>	<u>\$</u>	•				-	<u>\$</u>		\$	-	<u>\$</u>	•
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,070,641	\$	1,927,832	\$	1,767,214	\$	1,617,157	\$	1,540,716	\$	1,344,738	\$	1,295,028
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		0.78%		0.78%		0.78%		0.78%		0.78%		0.78%		0.78%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. NOTES TO SCHEDULES FOR THE TRS PENSION

Changes of Benefit Terms

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a COLA to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which was paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

B. NOTES TO SCHEDULES FOR THE TRS OPEB PLAN

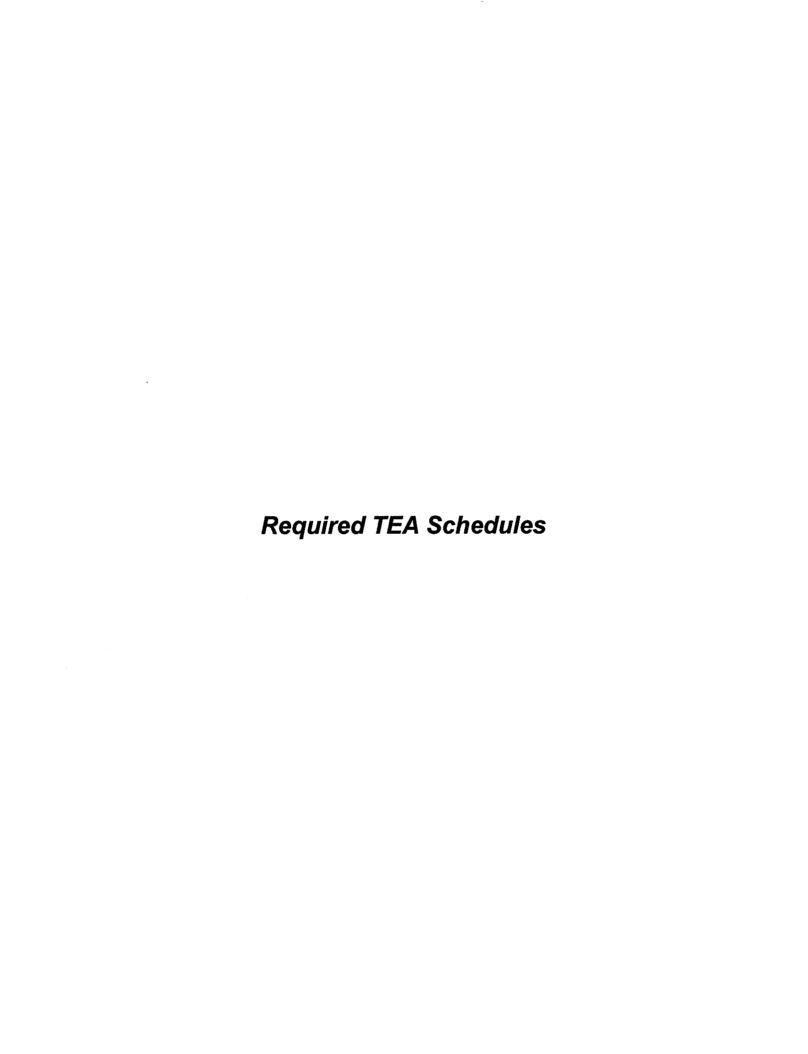
Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.





NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	(1)	(2)	(3)			
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax F	Rates	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2015 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various			
016	1.170000	0.130000	63,468,450			
017	1.170000	0.130000	55,901,770			
018	1.170000	0.130000	56,940,700			
019	1.170000	0.130000	58,146,910			
020	1.068300	0.130000	94,433,050			
021	1.049400	0.130000	88,278,200			
022	0.982200	0.130000	91,522,470			
023	0.976900	0.130000	92,589,860			
024 (School year under audit)	0.858000	0.130000	92,162,340			
000 TOTALS						

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

	(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2023	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2024	(99) Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115c
\$	1,369 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 136	\$ - 9	1,233	
	847	-	146	85	-	616	
	360	-	-	36	-	324	
	1,467	-	-	147	-	1,320	
	325	-	-	32	-	293	
	266,399	-	118,653	14,439	(133,083)	224	
	580	-	144	94	-	342	
	774	-	-	116	-	658	
	1,523	-	435	190	-	898	
	-	898,214	751,414	114,347	8,263	40,716	
<u> </u>	273,644 \$	898,214	\$ 870,792	\$ 129,622	\$ (124,820)	46,624	

\$ 958

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	F	ariance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original			Final		(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	93,000	\$	93,000	\$ 92,820	\$	(180)	
5800 State Program Revenues		6,614		6,614	8,645		2,031	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		44,668		44,668	50,354		5,686	
5020 Total Revenues		144,282		144,282	151,819		7,537	
EXPENDITURES:				****				
Current:								
0035 Food Services		146,368		260,008	246,706		13,302	
6030 Total Expenditures		146,368		260,008	246,706		13,302	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(2,086)		(115,726)	(94,887)		20,839	
7915 Transfers In		68,801		115,726	97,398		(18,328)	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		66,715		-	2,511		2,511	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		(2,511)		(2,511)	(2,511)	_	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	64,204	\$	(2,511)	\$ -	\$	2,511	

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted	Amou	ints	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fir	iance With nal Budget ositive or
Codes		Original		Final		•	Negative)
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	113,489 3,493	\$	113,489 3,493	\$ 139,781 8,622	\$	26,292 5,129
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:	_	116,982		116,982	148,403		31,421
 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees 		55,000 16,935 1,000		55,000 16,935 1,000	55,000 6,875 840		- 10,060 160
6030 Total Expenditures		72,935		72,935	62,715		10,220
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		44,047		44,047	85,688		41,641
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		176,193		176,193	176,193		-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	220,240	\$	220,240	\$ 261,881	\$	41,641

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
API	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	74,704
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30)	154,736
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	201
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	2,617

Overall Compliance and Internal Controls Section

STEPHENS, STEPHENS, & TELCHIK, P.C.

MEMBER AICPA

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Trustees Nazareth Independent School District Nazareth. Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nazareth Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2025

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses item 2024-1.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephens, Stephens, & Telchik PC
Certified Public Accountants

Lamesa, Texas

January 10, 2025

NAZARETH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF STATE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Current Year Findings-		
None		
Corrective Action Plan-		
N/A		
Status of Prior Year Findings- N/A		

SFI	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If payments were not made or warrant hold not cleared within 30 days of when due, then payments are NOT timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, answer is still YES.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds and/or substantial doubt about the district's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district's administration and school board members discuss any changes and/or impact to local, state, and federal funding at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	0